

MONDAY EVENING. JUNE 19 1893.

MINISTER EGAN says he has received a letter from President Cleveland expressing the hope that his course as minister to Chili until the arrival of his successor would be "as satisfactory as it has been conducted in the past." For the President's sake it is hoped that Mr. Egan has not quoted him correctly, for if Mr. Egan's course in Chili has been satisfactory, then most all the American residents of that country are unreliable. Where there is so much smoke there must be some fire; and there is no doubt of the fact that Mr. Egan's course afforded Mr. Harrison an eagerly seized opportunity for exhibiting his jingoism in any other than a favorable light, and thereby rendering the country ridiculous in the eyes of foreign nations.

MR. PHELPS, who was United States minister to Berlin during the Harrison administration, in an interview on the subject of the late election in Germany, speaks of the system there that requires a majority instead of a plurality to elect members of the Reichstag, as a "rather foolish rule," But the same rule prevails in Rhode Island and Connecticut, and by it the republicans, though the minority party in both those States, continue to hold possession of them, and Mr. Phelps does not, that is so far as heard of, consider it as by any means either foolish or even "rather foolish."

THE British House of Commons last Friday unanimously adopted a resolution to refer all differences that may occur between Great Britain and the United States to arbitration. That was wise and neighborly, and a treaty to that effect should be negotiated at once. The Alabama arbitration muleted England to an extravagant extent to be sure, but a war would have cost her a great deal more, and though the United States will lose the Bering Sea arbitration case, the loss will be a bagatelle compared with the cost of a settlement by arms.

Wool sold in this city last week at seventeen cents a pound, and now the iron and steel manufacturers of Pennsylvania are arranging for a reduction in the wages they are paying their employees. And yet wool and iron and the articles made of them are among the most protected of American products. No wonder the people in '90 and '92 declared by overwhelming majorities in favor of the repeal of the McKinley bill ; but it is a great wonder that having so declared, Congress did not meet in early extra session and put that declaration into effect.

According to the official report of the Treasury Department, nearly ten erment this year to the sugar makers of this country. Sugar is certainly not a greater necessity of life than bread and meat, and why the government should give an immense bounty to those who make the former, and not a cent to those who produce the latter, is what only an advocate of the McKinley bill can tell.

THE RAILROADS have lowered their rates to Chicago and the courts have decided that the fair may be opened on Sundays, but still thousands of Americans are going abroad to see the sights of Europe, while the foreigners who have come to the fair, except as guests of the nation, can almost be counted on the fingers of two hands.

THE PROPRIETORS of Bethesda Park in the District of Columbia, have excluded negroes therefrom, for the reason that the admission of negroes would cause white people to discontinue their patronage. No, the white, will not associate with the black race on terms of equality, and human laws cannot make them do so.

## FROM WASHINGTON.

[Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazetto.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 19. It was decided by Coroner Patterson to-day that Colonel F. C. Ainsworth should not be summoned to appear as a witness before the coroner's jury investigating the cause of the Ford's theatre disaster. "I see no reason" said Mr. B. H. Warner, one of the jurors, "why he should be treated differently from other witnesses. Inasmuch as statements that this jury is prejudiced against him have been made in the public press and elsewhere, we think he should be made to appear. We wish him to come because he has, through his counsel, said that this jury is prejudiced through one or two of its S. York, manager of the loan departmembers." Coroner Patterson said he ment; George W. Leach, assistant did not believe that the presence of Col. Ainsworth would in any way assist in determining how Frederick K. Loftus (over whose body the inquest is

er, but not as an ordinary witness. horie testimony this morning was princapally in reference to the character of the material used by Contractor Dant in doing the work beneath the old theatre building. W. B. Walker, a brickmaker, said he sold Dant 30,000 hard arch brick, for underpinning the piers. It was of good quality, such as was used for the purpose. Wm. Com-mack testified he had sold Dant the cemack testified he had sold Dant the cereturning from a banquet given in their ment used by him in the job. It was

the best quality in the market. Witness was shown some of the sandy substance used as mortar in under pinning the piers beneath the old building and gave it as his opinion that it did not contain the kind of cement he sold Dant. It was very poor mortar, he said. A builder named Robert Clarkson, testified that the building, as it now stands, is in a dangerous condition. Capt. Thorpe said the contractor was not quite ready to give bond and Col. Ainsworth allowed him to go on with the work without giving it. Chief Clerk Tweedale said that notwithstanding testimony to the contrary, dis-satisfaction with Colonel Ainssatisfaction worth's treatment of clerks was confined to a minoriy of the employees of the Record and Pension Division. Although the jury has not finished the taking of testimony, it is definitely set-tled that its verdict will hold Col. Ainsworth and contractor Dant responsible for the disaster and probably include Covert and Sasse, superintendent and engineer, respectively, of the ruined buildings, in its findings. [At 4:50 o'clock the jury brought in a verdict holding Col. Ainsworth, Contractor Dant, Superintendent Covert and Engineer Sasse for the action of the grand

jury.]
The President, it is announced at the White House, has changed his plans this morning, and will not accompany Mrs. Cleveland to Buzzards' Bay tomorrow, as he at first intended. There are matters of public business which he desires to dispose of first, before taking his summer vacation.

A well informed congressman here to-day says the extra session will commence on the 11th of September, that Mr. Crisp will be re-elected Speaker and will immediately announce the composition of the currency, the appropriations and the tariff committees, that it will then adjourn for thirty days so as to avoid the sickly season; that in these thirty days the Speaker will make up the other committees. When it reassembles a bill to repeal the Sherman silver act without any concession in respect of the ten per cent tax on State banks will be reported, which, the congressman referred to says, may pass the House, but will hardly pass the Senate. The application of B. W. Nalls of

ustodian of dies and plates was put on file at the Treasury Department to-day. The President appointed a large number of postmasters to-day, but none in Virginia. He also appointed many other officers, among them Charles M. Wallace of Virginia to be collector of customs at Richmond, and W. Leven Powell, formerly of Virginia, but now of the State of Washington, to be In-

Alexandria for the place of assistant

lian agent at Neah Bay in that State People here to-day from Alexandria ounty say that with the Pennsylvania Railroad now being extended to Rosslyn, the C. & O. R. R. now applying for permission to cross the river near the same place, and the other railroads already running thaough their county, it soon be impossible for electric roads to get routes through it, no matter how necessary it may be for them to do so.

A slight difficulty occurred in front of the Metropolitan Hotel here last Saturday night between the congressman from the 4th Virginia district and a correspondent of a Richmond newspaper. It was soon over and no damwas done

It is understood that Mr. John Lyon of Virginia got his appointment as law clerk at the request of Representative Wise of Virginia, and that Mr. Willoughby Newton got his as special inspector in the Department of Justice at that of Mr. John Goode.

It is rumored at the Postoffice Department to-day that the position of Second Assistant Postmaster General, now filled by Mr. J. Lowrie Bell, will be given either to Judge Berryman Green of Danville or to Mr. Otey or Mr. Brown of Lynchburg, Virginia.

From a letter received here from Mr. J. L. Doggett, formerly of Fredericksburg, Virginia, but recently appointed million dollars will be paid by the gov- internal revenue collector in Texas, it McCormick and others in the last camlearned that his appointment was unsought and was unexpected, and came as a favor from his good friend Senator Mills. The office, he says, he understands, is worth between three and four thousand dollars a year.

130 4th class postmasters were ap-pointed to-day of whom 74 will take the places of removed republicans. The changes in Virginia were as follows: Crewe, Nottoway county, R. R. Graves appointed postmaster vice H. G. Dyson appointed postmaster vice H. G. Dyson removed; Emporia, Greensville county, P. R. Farley vice H. W. Weiss, removed; Hampden Sidney. Prince Edward county, G. M. Eggleston, vice A. J. Price, removed; Hollins, Roanoke county, A. J. Danner, vice A. V. Camper, removed; Lunenburg C. H., Lunenburg county, T. C. Foelkes, vice W. H. Brusett, removed; Prince Burnett, removed; Prospect, Prince Edwards county, W. H. Walden, vice Mrs. E. A. Scott, removed; Yale, Suxex county, W. T. Freeman, vice Madison Lowry, removed.

Commissioner Lochren issued an order to-day to prevent frauds in making applications for pensions, by requiring that they be prepared in the presence of the applicant and from this oral statements then made and sworn to.

A RECEIVER ASKED FOR .- A suit has been instituted in Washington by several of the stockholders against the Fidelity Building, Loan and Investment Association, asking that its charter be annulled, a receiver appointed, and the assets divided equitably among the shareholders. The bill charges fraud in the very plain of the association, mismanagement by some of the officers, and neglect to conform with certain legal provisions of the District. The ssociation was incorporated under the laws of the State of Virginia on November 10, 1890, on March 17, 1891, and on July 23, 1891, articles being filed on those dates in the Corporation Court of this city. The officers of the association are Harrison Dingman, president; Andrew Wall, vice-president and manager; Alonzo Tweedale, secretary; Benjamir Wall, general superintendent : R. H. Morehouse, asistant attorney; Edward ment; George W. Leach, assistant manager of the loan department; Chas. J. James, supervisor, and Samuel Twee dale, A. Welty, E. C. Mathews, T. B. Couch and James M. York, directors, The being held), came to his death. Col. the insworth was willing to appear before for sale ie jury as chief of the Record and mismon Division and as an army of management. The officers deny the management. The officers deny the first suit. It is fair to say, however, that all are not charged with fraud and mismanagement. The officers deny the this suit. It is fair to say, however, that charges of mismanagement and fraud and say the suit is a conspiracy against

the company hatched by lawyers. Numbers of Alexandrians are shareholders in this company.

Capt. Anderson, of the Viking ship, and five of his crew were arrested in Brooklyn at 4 o'clock this morning on a charge of disorderly conduct, while

The Gubernatorial Nomination. We make no charges that unfair methods have been adopted so far in selecting delegates to the gubernatorial convention, but charges are made that

snap judgments are being taken by one method in one place, and another meth-The selections of od in another place. The selections of delegates should be by proceedings and after notice that will make charges of this sort impossible. The Governor should be that person who is the choice of the people, and there should be nothing done which will even seem to justify charges of machine-made delegates to defeat the popular will .- Richmond Times.

Exactly so. Our able and respected contemporary is absolutely right in its conclusion. But why not treat the matter in a more explicit and less general way? Does not the Times know that the primary meetings in Clarke county were appointed to be held even before a call was issued for the State convention, and that they were held thus early to subserve the interests of a particular candidate? Why should delegates be hastily elected in June to a convention that is to be held late in August? Why this dispositon to take snap judgment, to forestall public sen-timent? And how does it happen that in every case it has been done in the interest of one particular candidate? The office-holders and office seekers and political thimble riggers had best bcware. The people of Virginia are not easily imposed on by such manifestly unfair methods.-Lynchburg News.

"The snapjudgment" methods adopted by the friends of Col. O'Ferrall in Clarke and Henry counties and Buena Vista city to secure delegates to the State convention, may seem to them to be a bit of sharp practice, and in accord with good democratic doctrine, but anonymously is a base and wilful falsesuch acts usually return to plague their sponsors. There is no justice or necessity in calling a county convention at a day's notice to name delegates, when the State convention is two months off. The democracy of these counties should, without reference to the claims of any candidate, repudiate the acts of a few ringsters, and demand fair notice and fair play. This is no time to introduce the "snappers" methods in this State, and the party cannot afford to permit

it.—Roanoke Record. The meeting in Henry county was lecidedly in favor of O'Ferrall, but sustained the Bulletin's suggestion and declined to instruct, or even to question the delegates as to their preference between the three aspirants.

Henry's delegates are free to act as they think best in the interest of the lemocratic party.—Henry Bulletin,

BERRYVILLE, Va., June 16, 1893. To the Editor of the Alexandria Gazette. Will you kindly allow me space in your paper to correct a statement which appeared in your Washington letter of the 14th inst, wherein Mesers letter of the 14th inst., wherein Messrs. Marshall McCormick and S. S. Thomas are reported to have said that in our recent convention "a Tyler man voted negroes and republicans and a man with a patch on his eye five times and then bolted." I think your correspondent must have misunderstood the genwere either negroes or republicans. They were the sturdy democrats of and burden of many a hand fought political contest, triumphantly carried to victory the banner of the democratic Are such men to be branded party. is republicans because they do not support O'Ferrall?

It is true that five negroes voted with the anti-O'Ferrall men; they were, however, democrats, and had voted the democratic ticket in the last election. Then they were voting for O'Ferwhen they vote against O'Ferrall they These very negroes are all wrong. were brought in the democratic fold by the eloquent speeches made by Mr. paign. On every principle of right justice were they not fully entitled to participate in a democratic meeting? At least Mr. McCormick and Mr. Thomas must have thought so because they roted colored voters for O'Ferral in the same convention. As to the man with a patch on his eye, this was a drunken man from Harper's Ferry who in an earlier part of the day was, for disorderly conduct and insulting language, very properly knocked down by a son of the man who supported Col. O'Ferrall. Out of pique he in his maudlin state joined our lines, but he was repeatedly put out and never voted once. This reported statement looks very much like a desperate effort to "patch up" a tale. Of course I do not mean this in any offensive sense. One word more as to the bolting. When the letter announced 147 votes against O'Ferrall and only 132 were counted for him one tremendous cheer arose from the ranks of the anti-O'Ferrall men, and believing the victory won many of them at once left the Court green. Then came in the tactics of Speaker Reid. At least one-third of the anti-O'Ferrall men had gone. It is now claimed that chairman Thomas then ordered a recount. This was so manifestly unfair that the convention became a mob and would not consent to do so. Taking the bit in his mouth Speaker Reid, alias Thomas, threw out the entire 147 votes and declared that the 132 votes elect ed the delegates. I am informed that Mr. Thomas, on his return from Washington, denied having made the statement with|which he is credited. Indeed, he had a public encounter on the street with Sheriff Livi because he is said in the article to have stated that Col.O'Ferrall had a heavy load to carry in Livi as his candidate for Marshal. This. however, is a fight among themselves with which an anti-O'Ferrall man has no concern. Pray pardon so long a let-ter upon so small a subject. I can not, however, allow such a statement to

go unchallenged. Yours truly, CONRAD KOWNSLAR.

Dora S. Hampton, who claims to be a niece of ex-Governor Wade Hampton, of South Carolina, is held by the Trenton police on a charge of larceny.

### MARRIED.

On June 15th, 1893, by Rev. W. H. Mc-Allister, Mr. JOHN F. PEVERELL to Miss MINNIE JAVINS, both of this city. [Washington papers please copy.

DIED.

On Sunday, June 18th, PERCY OVERTON PHILLIPS, son of Frank and Catharine Phillips, aged 8 months and 27 days. Gone to Jesus. Funeral this evening at 5 o'clock from the residence of his parents on south Royal street. [Philadelphia and Washington papers please conv. papers please copy.

On Monday morning June 19th, at her home in Stafford county, Va., Mrs. GEORGE K. BLACKBURN, daughter of the late John Howell. Funeral from local depot to morrow (Tuesday) at 12 o'clock m.

June 15, 1893.\* To the Editor of the Richmond Dispatch In reply to Colonel O'Ferrall's card in your issue of yesterday let me say that while in his open letter of June 3d. published in your paper, he states as to the charge "that I ran for Congress as an independent candidate in 1874 this is false," when I drew the proof or him he admits the charge to be true, and his denial of June 3d to be false. Fal-sus in uno falsus in omnibus."

He was an independent candidate for Congress again in 1874 against the regular democratic nominee, and from August 1, 1874, until the 20th of October,

1874, again.

Nor does he deny the other charges in my letter—such as his betrayat of confidence, causing me to withdraw from the congressional contest last

Abandoning the issues he made himself, he seeks to hide behind and draw attention to side issues which are equally as false. Let me say I have never at any time made any charge against O'Ferrall which was not done over my signature. The articles signed "A Democrat," were declared to be written by me in the same paper in which was printed two weeks' before Colonel O'Ferrall's first card. "Hayseed Democrat" was never denied, and the editor of the paper was directed to give my name to any one who applied.

In none of these articles, however are there charges against O'Ferrall. It is true I quoted part of that speech of his we have been hearing for twelve or fourteen years, including a part of Senator Vance's speech on the tariff published eighteen or twenty years ago. No one knows better than Col. O'Ferral that his charge that I attacked him

However unsavory Colonel O'Ferrall's private record may or may not be, I have never attacked it, but confined my exposition to his political record. While prior to 1891 I had heard that he had once run as an independent candidate for Congress, I knew nothnot live in our district. My confidential letters were written him in his interest, referring to how individuals stood to him, how they were acting, how to get delegates for him and secure his nomination, and who were his friends and could throw no light whatever upon the truth or falsity of the charges I subsequently made against his political record, and the only object he could have had and the only effect of publishing them was to cause ill-feeling between some of my fellow-townsmen and myself. It was a base and inexcusable piece of treachery to friendship. He admits "they were received by me (him) in the confidence of friendship," trusting to his honor that their contents should never be disclosed. The betrayal of coufidence is dishonorable, and no honorable man could be induced by per-suasion, threat, or force to do a dishon-

He further states that the cause of my ceasing to be his friend was "betleman, because it is not true that the men who voted against Col. O'Ferrall for United States District Attorney, etc." Colonel O'Ferrall knows that this is not true. Parts of the confiden-Clarke county who "faithful among the faithless found" bearing the heat others in his possession, show I never others in his possession, show I never made application for the office. My friend were urging me to apply and I wrote him that before I decided whether I would apply or not I wanted to know if he was committed. Colonel O'Ferrall knows that I have in my possession proof of these facts, well as the facts that he was committed to Captain Baumgardner, of Staunton, and at that time was advising me to press my candidacy for the office. ral and that was all right; and He knows that while he said he was satisfied I would reflect credit upon the position, that I can prove that I never applied for the office, but that he voted

never complained or had cause to complain for his not endorsing me for United States District Attorney, or any other office. He does know, however, that I lost confidence in and never had anything to do with him after he violated his oft-repeated promises in regard to Mr. John R. Edwards and Mr. J. W. Taylor, who lived in this city, and when I discovered the cause of the breaking of the promises, my want of confidence turned to contempt. Col. O'Ferrall seems to think that the question asked in one of my cards of last year, "Was his name put on the Grant ticket with his knowledge and consent?" was a charge that it was put there, and that his statement "that whosoever charges that it was put there with his knowledge and consent utters a base, wilful, wicked, and malicious falsehood, relieves him of all responsibility and is a shelter under which he can rest. Let me say if priority is what the colonel relies on, that on May letter, and about one week later published it, in reply to a published card by him charging a combination between General Rosser and myself in Washington city to defeat him for Congress, in which letter I said "that the person who intimates that in that conversation or at any other time I made any combination with General Rosser is guilty of a malicious falsehood."

political connection he did not entertain and that he had been a traitor to his party and its principles and would be so again; in other words, that he had sold his political principles to gratify his selfish ambition and would do so again if the opportunity offered.

Colonel O'Ferrall never either manded a retraction or satisfaction. After that could any gentleman be insulted by anything Colonel O'Ferrall might either speak or write?

After a careful review of the charges made against Colonel O'Ferrall in my letters it will be seen that he has been proof for them is in my possession or where it can be produced. Much un-necessary trouble and worry would have been saved if Colonel O'Ferrall in the first place had simply written, "Every charge against me is true and I am sorry for it." That has been the

result. I am not a candidate for any office, and never expect to be. What I have done has been as a private citizen in the interests of my state and its honor, stating only facts within my knowledge and expressing my honest convictions, unmasking this man, so that the patriotic citizens of this State may see, as I know the facts to be, and determine sion.

Mr. Alexander's Reply to Col. O'Fer-rall.

Respectfully,
WILLIAM R. ALEXANDER.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The Chicago Derby was won on Saturday by the Virginia horse Morello. Forest fires have destroyed several illages in Minnesota and Wisconsin and many persons have been rendered homeless. The democrats in the southside coun-

ties will not elect their delegates to the State convention until the July or early August terms of their county courts.

Senator Butler, of South Carolina, expresses the opinion that congressmen have no business to expect the President to appoint the men they recommend if he does not see fit.

At Leavenworth, Ks., yesterday, A. S. Arnold shot and mortally wounded his wife and then blew his brains out. Arnold accused his wife of infidelity which she indignantly denied.

President Cleveland has decided to take another course of the Schweninger treatment for obesity. He now weighs 298 pounds, or only nine pounds less than when he took the treatment before. Rev. W. D. Morgan, of the M. E.

Church South in Baltimore, who has announced his intention of becoming an Episcopalian, was not allowed by Presiding Elder Edwards to fill the pulpit vesterday. An unknown man, apparently about

twenty-six years old, jumped from the north roadway of the Brooklyn bridge last night and landed upon the roof of the shed that covers an East river pier. He was instantly killed. A dispatch from Paris states that the

uestion which just now most concerns European statesmen is, What will the Kaiser do? Grave anxiety is felt lest the German emperor may seek war as way out of the difficulties created by the result of the election.

The protracted fight over the Home Rule bill in the House of Commons, and the government's acceptance of ing about the particulars and did not amendments offered by the opposition condone his political crimes. He did promises to disrupt Gladstone's small majority, as the Irish members are openly expressing their dissatisfaction with his course.

A modification of the Richmond Terminal plan has been made so as to bring in the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Equipment and Improvement bonds, thus giving the commit-tee control of the East Tennessee system. The Cincinnati Extension bonds are now all that remains to be brought in.

Complete returns of the German elec tions show 215 candidates elected to seats in the Reichstag-101 for the Army bill, 114 against it. In 181 dis tricts new ballots will be necessary Twenty-nine socialists have been elected. Combinations are being formed to defeat the socialist candidates in the reballots.

It is said that one or two officers o the First Virginia Regiment have written their resignations and will soon place them in the hands of the Gov-This action grows out of the ernor. fact that the council committee on grounds insists upon the right to per mit the use of the regiment's armory in Richmond for various purposes.

President and Mrs. Cleveland will leave Washington to-morrow morning for their summer home at Buzzard's Bay. Mrs. Cleveland will remain continuously at Buzzard's Bay throughout July and August, returning to Washington the first or second week in Septem ber. The President will spend all the time with his family that can be spared from his official duties.

The Infanta Eulalie denies the story that she snubbed Mrs. Potter Palmer and that she was rude to the citizens of Chicago. The Princess explains that she has tried everywhere to show her gratitude for the kind treatment of the for Judge Allen, who never asked his support or endorsement, deserting Capbeen offended by anything she would nin Baumgardner.
Colonel O'Ferralll knows that I States. The Duke of Tamames also makes a long official explanation on behalf of the Infanta.

#### VIRGINIA NEWS.

The Governor has declined to issue a commission to Lieutenant Seay, of the Fitz Lee troop, Lynchburg, on the ground that the board of examiners had declined to award him a certificate of qualification. It will be remember-ed that Lieut. Seay was recently cash-

iered for disobedience of orders. The cases of a number of gentleman against whom indictments were found for obstructing and interfering with voters at the polls on last election day were before Judge Hughes, of the U. S. Circuit Court, in Richmond on Srturday. The indictments were secured in Norfolk, but the cases were transferred to Richmond. A motion to quash the indictments was overruled by the court and defendants entered a demurrer. It is rumored that a number of similar 12, 1892, I wrote Colonel O'Ferrall a indictments obtained at the same time as these have been lost.

The great storm that prevailed a Norfolk Friday night and Saturday morning has not been equalled since 1879. The rainfall was 5.96 inches. Al. property along the water front was flooded, the water extending up to the courthouse. A large three-story brick building, on Church street, was blown guilty of a malicious falsehood."

Again, on July 4, 1892, in a published tially destroyed. The Roger warecard over my signature, circulated house, on Water street, lost a portion throughout the district, I branded of its new front wall. The employees O'Ferrall as dishonest in announcing of the Old Dominion Steamship Company had to be hauled from the warehouse by railway cars.

[COMMUNICATED.

QUERY .- I noticed in last Wednesday's GA-ZETTE that another outside Building and Loan Association has started a branch office in town. Why will our citizens send their money out of town for investment when similar ones can be had right here? We have some thirteen building associations in our town to solicit from, conducted by our own citizens, who are known for their integrity and worth. Why not leave your money here and build up your own town? Exper-ience has taught that in a truly Co-operative forced sooner or later to admit each of them, or at least not deny them. As to my statements made in this letter the consequence,

No DAMAGES.-A case involving a claim for \$100,000 damages, growing out of the lynching of the alleged Mafia assassins in New Orleans several years ago, has just been decided by Judge E. C. Billings in the United States Court of New Orleans. The case is that of Annie Comitis vs. W. S. Parkerson and others. The plaintiff is the widow of one of the Italians who were lynched. The defendants are citizens of Louisiana. The plaintiff claims that she is an alien. The court decided that the woman could not bring suit as an alien, as she was born in Louisiana.

It is authoritatively stated that Hon. J. Proctor Knott will decline the Hawaiian mis-

# TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL

The Borden Trial.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., June 19 .den case brought a terrific jam at the the time of opening, the doors were besieged by people, mostly ladies. But there were too few seats for the accommodation of a tenth part of the do 10-40s -; do 3s 68. claimants. The jury took their seats at 8:55, and almost immediately afterwards Gov. Robinson began his argument for the defense. He made a careful, logical discussion of the crime and its discovery as they appear from the evidence. The prisoner sat in the dock with her face covered with a fan while he analyzed the evidence.

Corbett Tired of Mitchell's Delay.

CHICAGO, June 19 .- "If Charley Mitchell does not sign articles of agreement within six weeks to fight me I will declare the match off at once," said Jim Corbett last night. "The negotiations in their present form are binding on neither side although we both have our money up, and I signed articles, before he left this county, to fight him. If at the end of six weeks Mitchell does not sign articles, I will issue a challenge to the world, Peter Jackson Dried Cherries..... preferred, and post a forfeit to fight for \$10,000 a side and the championship of the world."

Left the Husband and the Cookstove. JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., June 19 .-Weston Gilbert, 21 years of age, has eloped with his stepmother, taking with him her six children by a former husband. The woman's husband, Thomas Gilbert, is a well-to-do contractor. He knew nothing of his wife's escapade until last evening when he went home to supper. To his astonishment he found all the furniture gone except a cookstove.

Booth and Talmage.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., June 19.-Dr. Charles Fluhrer, a universalist, preached yesterday morning on "Mr. Booth" and created onsiderable sensation when he declared he would rather stand chances for heaven with Booth, who paid his debts in full, than with that other actor. Talmage, who did not do so after announcing that his church has been compromised at 25 cents on the dollar."

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES. The Infanta Eulalie will leave America nent Saturday.

Advices from Mecca show that 317 deaths from cholera occurred in that city from June 13 to June 16.

Yesterday morning during a scuffle, Miller F. Long, a well-to-do farmer. near Napoleon, O., died from the effects of a stab wound received at the hands of his 16-year-old son, Emanuel, who says he did not mean to do it.

A dispatch from Rome states that the Pope to-day expressed his approval of of the attitude of Mgr. Satolli on the scholastic question in America. The Pope declared that the letters he sent to Cardinal Gibbons, Archbishop Ireland and the other American archbishops, only explain the scholastic policy and state that his Holiness desires its continuance.

Among the passengers on the steam-er City of Peking from China, which provisions are firm. Millfeed, Hay and Straw arrived at San Francisco to-day, was Chen She Lum, said to be an ambassador from the imperial Chinese government dispatched to the United States for the purpose of ascertaining the actual state of public opinion relative to Chinese residents there and of the intentions of the government in the enforcement of the Geary act.

A dispatch from Wilmington, N. C., says the bank of New Hanover has suspended; assets \$1,250,000; liabilities \$800,000. The closing of the bank of New Hanover was followed by a run on the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company. Confidence is being restored by the assurance of the officers that every dollar on deposit will be paid. Depositors of the Bank of New Hanover will not

PRIME ROE HERRING and FAT MACK

J. C. MILBURN

New York, June 19 .- The stock market has been extremely dull since the opening but a firm tone characterized the dealing The day of the arguments in the Bor- The improvement in prices was equal to 1,13 11/2 per cent. Subsequently there was a recourt house and, over an hour before action of 1/5 to 5/5 per cent., and at 11 o'clock speculation was dull and steady at the de-

BALTIMORE, June 19 .- Virginia consols -

Wholesale Prices in Alexandria. Superfine..... Extra Family...
Fancy brands...
ent, longberry...
Fultz...
Mixed .... Fair...... Damp and tough...... Corn, white.....

Vellow ..... Rye .....

Common to middling... 

Onions, per bushel...... Dried Peaches, pecled...... Unpecled.....

Dried Apples... Bacon, country hams Best sugar-cured hams. Butchers' hams...... Long clear sides...... Fat backs..... Smoked shoulders, ....

Smoked sides..... Lard.....Smoked Beef.....

Sugars—Brown..... Off A...... Conf. standard A...... Granulated ..... Java...

Molasses B. S....

C. B....

New Orleans...

Porto Rico..... Sugar Syrups...... Herring, Eastern, per bbl... Potomac No. 1...... Potomac family roc..... Do. half barrel. No. 3 medium...

No. 3 large fat ..... Lump. .... Clover Seed ......

Old process Linseed Meal... Salt—G. A..... Turk's Island ... Wool—long, unwashed..... Washed ..... Washed ...... Merino, unwashed...... Do. washed ..... Sumae ......

Cottonseed Meal..... The wholesale markets are still without inprovement in prices; reports of drought in France and England and the decrease of the visible supply of grain last week are offset by the stringency of money which prevents speculation. Flour is easy. Wheat very quiet and at the lowest prices for 35 years sales 60 to 68, no choice longberry is coming here. Corn is scarce at 50 to 52 for white, 48 to 50 for mixed and yellow. Oats 36 to 39. Eggs 13 to 14. Butter, Pointees and

Timothy .

Cut do ...

Wheat Bran per ton...... Brown Middlings.....

White Middlings .....

Fine

BALTIMORE, June 19.—Flour dull. Wheat BALTIMORE, June 19 — Flour dull, Wheat weak; No 2 red spot and June 6645665; July 70553703; Aug 7256725; Sepf 744 7432; steamer No 2 red 6445665; milling wheat by sample 65474. Corn fru: mixed spot and June 48126453; July 4933492; Aug 4935 bid; white corn by sample 52; yi-low do 50. Oats steady; No 2 white Western 42 asked; No 2 mixed do 464 a3734, kys 42 asked: No 2 mixed neglected; No 2 60. Hay quiet and steady; good to choice timothy \$15.50 to \$16.50. Provisions quiet and fair demand.

are without change in figures.

New York, June 19.—Flour dall and casy. Wheat dull and steady. Corn steady quiet. Pork quiet and steady; mes \$19.50 to \$20.00. Land dull and nominal; stean \$10.10.

PHILADELPHIA CATTLE MARKET, June 17. -Beef Cattle were in poor request at a cline of 20c per 100 its. The quotations was as follows: Extra 55 455 5, good 54 455 as follows: as follows: Extra 5°,45°,2, 2004 5¹,45°,2, medium 3°,45°, common 4°,41°,2 fat ows 2°,44°,4 c per lb. Sheep were in har demand unt¹4 cent lower. The quotations were in follows: Extra 5°,2°, good 5°,35°,4°, medium 1°,34°,2°, common 4°,4°,4°, culls 2°,35°,4°, per lb. Lambs 5°,5°,4° per lb. Hogs were lower, a sympathy with the West. The quotations were as follows: Extra through 9°,30°, and other Westerns 9°,50°,4°, per lb. This lowes were in fair reduced, and sold from \$10° to \$2.5° per head. Milch Cows were dull at \$25°,850° per head. Milch calves were quick to \$7°,4° per lb.

tle—market was quiet: top prices \$5.95 5.75, medium \$4.40a5.80, others \$1.25 4.85, Texans \$2.75a3.40, stokers \$2.46 4.25, native cows \$1.404.2.40 per 10 ibs Hogs—market closed 5a10 cents liker; ackers and mixed \$6.25a6.45, princ heavy nd butchers' weights \$6.45a6.55, light CHICAGO CATTLE MARKET, June packers and mixed \$6,25au,645, principles and butchers' weights \$6,45a5,55, lik \$6,40a6,70, skips and pigs \$1,95a5,29 ; 100 lbs, Sheep—market lower; native \$1,50.25, Westerns \$1,55a5, Texans \$14,50er 100 lbs, Lambs \$4,50a6,40 per 100 lb

VACCINE—We have just received a sup-ply of fresh Vaccine Points. je22 E. S. LEADBEATER & SONS. CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S JAMS in one J pound Glass Jars, 1Se each at J. C MILBURN

A NEW ONE—PEACH PULP CREAM, 5 cents a glass, for sale by J. A. DIENELT & O.

CHOICE PRUNES, Evaporated Pears,
Peaches and Apples, For sale by
J. C. MILBURN. A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CRASH from 5c up, at AMOS B. SLAYMAKERS

COOK'S IMPERIAL EXTRA DEV CHAMPAGNE (quarts) for sale by H. C. WALLACE A FINE ASSORTMENT OF MEN'S
NECKWEAR just received by
AMOS B. SLAYMAKER.
Chtawla

A NECKWEAR just received a NECKWEAR just received a MOS B. SLAYMAKER AMOS B. SLAYMAKER.

SUMMER WINES—Scuppernong. Catawis and Claret on draught and by the bottle, for sale by

YOU can buy the finest New York CREAM CHEESE at MT. VERNON DAIRY O. MT. VERNON DAIRY AMONTO DAIRY O. A fresh supply received TO. DAY from the Springs, 30 cents per gallon DAY from the Springs and DAY from the Springs

SCREEN DOORS, Window Screens, Fly Traps, Dog Muzzles and Fly Fans at JAS. F. CARLIN & SONS. FINE HUCK and DAMASK TOWELS, pure linen, 12½c to 25c and 30c, at AMOS B. SLAYMAKER'S. KNAPP'S ROOT BEER EXTRACT for H. C. WALLACE, A VON ALE, Porter and Brown Stout in bottles, superior quality, for sale by H. C. WALLACE.